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LATEST CABLED SUGAR QUOTATIONS			
66° Centrifugals N. Y.	Cents	Dollars	
Price, Hawaiian basis	4.80	\$97.50	
Last previous quotation.	4.705	\$94.10	

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1915.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NUMBER 4177

RUSSIAN TROOPS MOVE UP DANUBE AND LAND CLOSE TO BULGAR TOWN

So Says Geneva Despatch To London, And If True, Balkan Foe Faces An Invasion Which Will Affect The Serbs Seriously

AUSTRO-GERMANS AGAIN CROSS MORAVA VALLEY

Win Victories At Two Points, But Enemy Hurls Them Back Elsewhere And Definite Check To Their Drive Is Soon Likely

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, November 12.—A big Russian army has gone up the Danube River through Rumania without interference from the Rumanian government and has landed near Silistria, an important town in Bulgaria on the Bulgarian-Rumanian border, according to Geneva despatches to the Daily Express. The despatches add that the Russians have landed much artillery.

Receipt of this news recalls a recent report that the Russians had effected a landing in Bulgaria near Varna, Bulgaria's principal port on the Black Sea, and that the Russians would attempt to advance in an effort to link forces with their Allies in the south of Serbia, thus cutting off receipt of supplies by Constantinople, or despatch from the Turk capital of the copper so badly needed by the Teutons.

Nothing having been heard since of the Russians at Varna, the reported landing near Silistria was received with some skepticism. If true, however, the Bulgarians will find themselves in peril of an invasion which will seriously affect their campaign against Serbia, and probably be compelled to withdraw troops from that theater of the war.

If true also, the despatches are significant in light of Rumania's tolerance of the Danube expedition. It is considered likely that if Rumania has allowed the Russians to ascend the Danube that she will adopt the course of Greece, maintaining a "benevolent" neutrality, with the intention of entering the war later upon a decisive victory by the Allies.

The Serbian government has again been moved, according to last night's despatches, this time to Krutevo which is about fifty miles south of Usp. Vienna despatches say the Austrians have recaptured Col Di Lana.

TEUTONS CONTINUE WINNING VICTORIES

PARIS, November 12.—An official Serbian statement received here last night says that the enemy has crossed the Morava valley west of Kraljevo and south of Djunis and Leskovac, but that enemy attacks have been repulsed at Ordoliza, Katchanik and Gorges.

The repulses claimed by the Serbs are believed to be due to their retreat into their main mountain defenses and are considered indicative of a quick halt of the Teutonic drive.

A Havas agency despatch from Athens says the Serbian government has been moved to Krutevo.

BOMB CAUSED FIRE ABOARD STEAMSHIP

Captain of Beached Italian Vessel Holds Teutons Responsible

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
PORT ARTHUR, Texas, November 12.—The captain of the Italian steamer Livietta, which caught afire off Sabine Bar, Tuesday, en route to Genoa with a cargo of oil, has arrived here, having beached his ship.

He declares he is positive an incendiary bomb was the cause of the fire and it is positive it was placed aboard here by an agent of the Teutonic Allies.

The captain reports that the fire in the Livietta was easily extinguished forward, but has not yet been controlled aft. Accordingly the ship was run ashore sixty-five miles east of Sabine Bar, in which vicinity the fire started.

All of the crew were taken off by American tank steamer Pultstream.

Yoshihito Elevates His Premier To Marquisate

COUNT OKUMA, Premier of Japan, Whom Emperor Yoshihito Has Elevated to Marquisate In Honor of His Coronation



Berkeley 'Potato King' and Baron Shibuzawa Are Decorated

(Special Cable to Hawaii Shiping.)
YOKO, November 12.—Count Okuma, prime minister of Japan, was elevated to the marquisate today by Emperor Yoshihito in commemoration of his coronation, and a number of other prominent Japanese were given additional honors.

George Onizuka, who lives in Berkeley, California, and who is known as the "Potato King," was given the Fifth Order of Merit.

Baron Shibuzawa, who is now in the United States in the interest of friendship between Japan and the United States, has been given the Order of the Grand Rising Sun. G. Okuda, mayor of Tokyo, has received the same decoration.

K. Mishima, T. Furukawa and K. Okawa, have been made barons.

FESTIVAL OF SACRED RICE TAKES PLACE

By Associated Press.

KIOTO, November 12.—The Daijosi Festival, or Grand Thanksgiving Festival, the ceremony of offering sacrifice to the imperial ancestors and the gods and goddesses of heaven and earth, began today at the imperial palace. This ceremony is one of the three great rites of the coronation and is of very ancient origin.

When Ninigun mikoto, the grandson of the sun goddess, Amaterasu Omikami, founder of the Japanese imperial dynasty, descended from the heavenly domain, as it is traditionally told, to Mount Takachiho, in Kyushu, and established imperial headquarters there, he sowed the seeds of rice plants and presented the first crop to the sun goddess before himself tasting the food. This was the very beginning of the Daijosi Festival.

Rice constitutes the most important daily food of the Japanese people, and the land was, in the mythological period, called the Land of Sacred Rice. Since that time the ceremony is observed as an essential function by every ruler who succeeds to the throne. The rite was ordained by an imperial edict issued by Emperor Mutsuhito in 1871, three years after his late majesty's succession.

Emperor Central Idea
The central idea is that the new emperor, invested with the suzerainty of the Land of the Sacred Rice, offers to the imperial ancestors and the gods and goddesses of heaven and earth the first crop of the first harvest in his reign. It is, therefore, observed as a state ceremony and not as a court ceremony.

Related to it is a ceremony of minor importance, which is annually held in the imperial court on November 23 and simultaneously at the grand shrines at Ise. It is called the harvest festival. As the rice on which sixty millions of the subjects of the imperial house sustain their lives has been granted by the imperial ancestor, as related above, every sovereign of the land expresses his thanks for the benevolence of the imperial ancestor in behalf of his millions of subjects.

To pray for the plenitude of harvest the emperor holds a ceremony on February 17 every year before the imperial sanctuary and the grand ancestral shrines, beseeching an abundance during the coming harvest. The ceremony and the harvest festival are widely observed in every Shinto shrine throughout the length and breadth of the empire on the same day, which is preserved as a national holiday.

Today's ceremony was preparatory to the grand harvest festival, which takes place tomorrow.

Ceremony Purely Religious
It is called the "Chinkon-sai." Its purpose is prayer for the longevity of the emperor, the empress and the crown prince, and the purification of their body and soul. The ceremony was held at the Yuki-den and Suki-den halls, newly erected in the compound of the palace. It was purely a religious function and was officiated by the court ritualists and attended by chief officials of the coronation committee. The emperor and crown prince did not participate.

The halls had been previously purified. After the spirits of several gods had been called to the sanctuary, the musicians played sacred Shinto music on harp and flute with an occasional accompaniment of sacred bells. Next a sword, a bow, an arrow, a bell, a censer, a roll of raw silk cloth and a roll of hemp cloth and then some food offerings were presented before the altar, the musicians all the while playing Shinto music.

Ritual Is Impressive
The chief ritualist then, ascending the stand in front of the altar, read a Shinto prayer for the perpetuity of the imperial reign, the longevity of the emperor, the empress and the crown prince, and the prosperity of the imperial house. Presently were brought into the hall a strip of the cloth used in the emperor's robe and a tablet representing his majesty. These were placed in a sacred case. The ritualists clapped their hands eight times and the curtains around the stand were dropped. Then the ritualists performed the ceremony of making knots with threads, each making ten knots. One of them struck the sacred case ten times with a sword, and, taking out the tablet, put it back in the box in which it had been brought in. The curtains around the stand were then removed and a ritualist, taking out the imperial cloth from the box, shook it before the sacred presence of the gods ten times, and then returned it to its box. The imperial cloth and the tablet were then removed. The cloth and tablets of the empress and crown prince were given the same religious treatment.

Subsequently and finally a brief ceremony was performed for the happy departure of the spirits of the gods.

GREAT NAVAL BATTLE
MAY HAVE OCCURRED
(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, November 11.—Terrible cannonading was heard last Wednesday off Fehmarn Sound, at the entrance to the Kiel Canal. It is believed that the British fleet was engaged in an attack on the German fleet.

The firing heard at Copenhagen lasted twenty minutes. Its violence caused the doors and windows at Rocky Harbor, near Fehmarn, to be blown open. The houses vibrated as if in an earthquake. The weather was thick and it was impossible to observe anything at sea.

Fehmarn Sound is less than a quarter of a mile wide and thirty-seven miles east of the entrance to Kiel Canal.

HEAVY FIGHTING ON EVERY FRONT

Russians And French Claim Successes And Vienna Says Italians Are 'Paralyzed'

VON HINDENBURG RETREATS

Austrian Report Declares Entire Isonzo Front of Latin Has Been Crushed

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, November 12.—Heavy fighting is going on along the East, West and Austro-Italian fronts. Successes are reported by the Russians and the French, but the Austrians claim to have paralyzed the Italians.

Following up the capture of a number of villages in the Hapsburg district, the Russians are pressing forward vigorously against the Teutons. Von Hindenburg's line had been pierced, according to reports, and the Germans are retreating. Many of them have been drowned in the marshes.

French Take Trench
An official statement received here from the French war office says the French have taken a trench from the Germans at Les Eparges through the successful explosion of many mines. Other successes also are claimed with the aid of mines.

The French are bombarding the enemy vigorously with their heavy guns in the districts about Loos, La Bassée, Colonne and Southern.

Italians Are Paralyzed
An official statement from the war office at Vienna says the Italians have renewed the attack on Gorizia preceding it with a terrific artillery fire, but have been repulsed.

"We repulsed attacks along the entire Isonzo front yesterday," the statement says, "from Plava to Deiselbusi. The fighting was of a most sanguinary character in some places hand-to-hand engagements prevailing. The enemy everywhere has been paralyzed and its offensive decisively checked."

WAY BEING PAVED FOR CONSCRIPTION

Unless Young Men Come Forward And Enlist Britain May Compel Service

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, November 12.—Lord Derby, who is in charge of the recruiting bureau, issued a statement yesterday which has led to rumors that the government is about to put into effect conscription, a plan which has been opposed vigorously on all sides upon mention.

Lord Derby declared the response to the appeals for recruits is not satisfactory and that unless young men come forward willingly in sufficient numbers by November 30, the government will put in force severe measures. The tenor of the statement indicates that these "severe measures" are now being considered by the cabinet.

Lord Derby declares the question of obtaining recruits is one in which the men affected have no voice. The right of the government to demand men for duty at the front, he says, is a matter for tribunals and such will be the case, he hints, unless recruiting is stimulated.

Arthur Lynch, the Nationalist from Galway, Ireland, made a severe attack on the government in the house of commons yesterday, declaring the manner in which the war has been conducted for great Britain has been far from praiseworthy.

British generals have shown themselves to be incompetent, he said, and there has been a general lack of direction in leadership. The country faces disaster, Mr. Lynch declared, unless there is a change in the situation soon.

CONSTANTINE OF GREECE HAS PLAYED LAST CARD

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
LONDON, November 12.—Despairing of obtaining support for the Skoulois ministry, which is committed to the course of neutrality he is insisting upon, King Constantine of Greece has issued a decree dissolving the chamber of deputies and an election has been called for December 15, according to a Reuters despatch from Athens.

The outcome of this election will be watched with great interest, for in dissolving the chamber it is believed the king is playing his last card.

If the people refuse on December 15 to elect a chamber committed to neutrality, and instead elect one which endorses the policies of former Premier Venizelos, it is thought the king will not be able to keep his country from joining the Allies much longer.

Lives of French Countess and Two Others Spared

EDITH CAVELL, English Nurse Whose Execution By Germans In Belgium Has Enraged People of British Nation



Death Sentence of Three Women At Brussels Commuted By Kaiser

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
BERLIN, November 12.—The youthful Countess de Belleville, convicted of assisting British and Belgian prisoners to escape from the German war hospitals in Belgium across the line into Holland, after trial at court martial, will not be executed as was Edith Cavell, the English nurse, convicted of the same offense.

Yesterday, according to a statement published in the Koelnische Volkszeitung, the Kaiser agreed to the request presented by Pope Benedict that the life of the young countess and of the two other women convicted with her be spared. The death sentences have, accordingly, been commuted to imprisonment for life.

CAVELL EXECUTION STIRRED BRITAIN

How England has been stirred by the news of the execution of Nurse Edith Cavell is told in a special despatch to the New York Tribune of October 23, from London, the Tribune's correspondent says:

"All anything were needed to spur British manhood at this crisis in the nation's affairs Germany has furnished it by the slaying of Miss Cavell. As today's Tribune editorial, which is quoted freely here, points out, her courage and heroism have set an example which will live forever, and the brutality meted out to her has started a wave of indignation and a desire for revenge which is sweeping over the country like a forest fire. No German

DEATH ENTERS FAMILY OF SECRETARY M'ADOO

Son-in-Law Passes Out At Cabinet Officer's Residence

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
WASHINGTON, November 12.—Charles Martin Taber, of Los Angeles, son-in-law of Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, died at the residence of Secretary McAdoo last night of pneumonia, after a short illness. Mrs. Taber, who had been unable to come to him from Los Angeles because of the illness of their baby son from diphtheria, is now speeding across the continent, leaving her baby when notified by telegraph that her husband was dying. The baby is left in charge of trained nurses during the absence of the mother.

President Wilson yesterday visited the McAdoo home to express his sympathy for the bereaved household.

F-CLASS SUBMARINES ARE IN HEAVY SEAS

Naval Tug Iroquois Is Losing Control of Its Tow

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, November 12.—The F-class submarines and their convoying naval escorts are meeting with severe weather and having a hard time of it, according to wireless reports to the commandant of the Mare Island navy yard yesterday. Captain Kittelle's report is that the Iroquois is unable to handle her tow, the F.L. much longer, her fuel being nearly exhausted bucking into the heavy seas that are running, while the Maryland and the other vessels are holding down their speed to that of the tug.

On receipt of this report, the cruiser Chattanooga was despatched to relieve the Iroquois.

NATIONAL GUARD REFUSES TO GIVE ITS APPROVAL TO WILSON POLICY

Association In San Francisco Looks With Disfavor On Plan For Continental Army, Believing It Will Conflict With Militia

RESOLUTION IS REFUSED ON TECHNICAL GROUNDS

Author Seeking Indorsement of Administration Declared Not a Delegate, But When Legally Offered, It Is Sidetracked

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SAN FRANCISCO, November 12.—The first important blow at President Wilson's preparedness policy was struck here yesterday when the delegates of the National Guard Association of the United States, in convention, refused to endorse the administration plan as announced by Secretary of War Garrison.

The particular point objected to by the national guard representatives is the suggestion of a "continental army" of 400,000 men, the organization of which would, in the opinion of many of the speakers, conflict with the regularly organized state militia. The author of the resolution that the convention endorse the "continental army" plan, was Gen. Henry Hamilton of New York, whose advocacy of the resolution led to the claim that he was not properly a delegate to the convention.

After the debate, a resolution properly introduced was refused sanction, but was referred to the legislative committee of the association.

PRESIDENT WILL APPEAL FOR NONPARTISAN SUPPORT

WASHINGTON, November 11.—President Wilson proposes to appeal to the Republican members of congress as well as to the Democrats in securing support for his military defense program and to overcome Bryan's opposition.

VILLISTA TROOPS DESERTING CHIEF

Carranza Agents At Douglas Claim 'Pancho' Is Losing 100 Soldiers Daily

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
DOUGLAS, November 12.—One hundred Villistas are deserting the rebel chief daily and coming over to the Carranzistas, according to statements made here yesterday by Mexican officials. The claim was made in connection with a statement that six Carranza agents had been executed within the Villa lines during the battle of Agua Prieta. This statement obtains partial confirmation, for Americans at the customs house are said to have witnessed two of the executions.

It is believed there are many Carranza agents within the Villa ranks under the guise of Villa soldiers, and that they are inducing the Villistas to desert.

It was learned yesterday that General Carranza has relieved General Obregon of the task of moving against Villa in an effort to exterminate him. General Obregon, commander of the Agua Prieta garrison, it is said, will be expected to drive General Villa out of the territory he possesses in the northwest.

The campaign will be begun at once, and if the Villistas are not subdued General Obregon with reinforcements will take command of the Carranza army in Sonora.